$\qquad$

Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

## Distance and Midpoint Formula

## Essential Questions:

O How do algebra and geometry work together within the coordinate plane?

## Goal:

> I can find the distance and midpoint on the coordinate plane, as well as algebraically.

## Key Ideas/Vocabulary:

- Distance Formula $\rightarrow \sqrt{\left(x_{2}-x_{1}\right)^{2}+\left(y_{2}-y_{1}\right)^{2}}$
- Number Line - distance is found using $\qquad$ -
- Midpoint Formula $\rightarrow\left(\frac{x_{1}+x_{2}}{2}, \frac{y_{1}+y_{2}}{2}\right)$
- is the point halfway between the $\qquad$ of the segment.
- Segment Bisector - any segment, line, or plane that intersects a segment at the $\qquad$ -

Section 1: Find Distance on a Number Line

1) Use the number line to find $Q R$.


Answer:

YT 1) Use the number line to find $A X$.


Answer:

## Section 2: Find Distance on a Coordinate Plane

2) Find the distance between $E(-4,1)$ and $F(3,-1)$.

Algebraically:


Geometric:

Answer:

## Section 3: Find the Midpoint

5) $A(5,1)$ and $B(-1,5)$

Geometric:


Answer:
YT2) Find the distance between $A(-3,4)$ and $M(1,2)$.

Algebraically:

Answer:

YT 5) $C(-7,-2)$ and $D(11,3)$

Answer:

| 6) $(-2,-6)$ and $(x+2, y+3)$ | YT 6) $(-1.8,1.9)$ and $(1.1,2.8)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| Answer: | Answer: |

Section 4: Find the Midpoint and Distance

| 7) the line through (1.5, -1.5) and (2.5, -1) | YT 7) Line I contains $A(8,7)$ and $B(1,7)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Answer: | Answer: |
| Distance $=$ Midpoint $=$ | Distance $=\ldots$ Midpoint $=$ |

## Section 5: Find Coordinate Of An Endpoint

8) Find the coordinates of $D$ if $E(-6,4)$ is the midpoint of $\overline{D F}$ and F has coordinates ( $-5,-3$ ).

YT 8) Find the coordinates of $R$ if $N(8,-3)$ is the midpoint of $\overline{R S}$ and S has coordinates $(-1,5)$.

Answer:
Answer:

## Section 6: Triangles in the Coordinate Grid

9) 

Answers:

Find $A B$. $\qquad$

Find $B C$. $\qquad$


Find CA. $\qquad$

Name a pair of congruent segments.

YT 9) Find the perimeter of triangle $A B C$ to the nearest tenth if the coordinates are $A(1,4)$, $B(-2,-1)$, and $C(-3,-2)$.

## Answer:

Homework: Distance and Midpoint Formula - Supplement Worksheet \# 5

## Lesson Summary:

Find the distance and the midpoint of the endpoints. $\quad A(5,-1)$ and $B(-9,7)$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Date $\qquad$

## Distance and Midpoint Formula - Supplement Worksheet \# 5

Use the number line to find each measure.

1. VW
2. TV
3. $S T$
4. $S V$


Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the distance between each pair of points.
5.

6.


Use the Distance Formula to find the distance between each pair of points.
7. $L(-7,0), Y(5,9)$
8. $U(1,3), B(4,6)$

Use the number line to find the coordinate of the midpoint of each segment.

9. $\overline{R T}$
10. $\overline{Q R}$
11. $\overline{S T}$
12. $\overline{P R}$

Find the coordinates of the midpoint of a segment having the given endpoints.
13. $K(-9,3), H(5,7)$
14. $W(-12,-7), T(-8,-4)$

Find the coordinates of the missing endpoint given that $E$ is the midpoint of $\overline{\boldsymbol{D F}}$.
15. $F(5,8), E(4,3)$
16. $F(2,9), E(-1,6)$
17. $D(-3,-8), E(1,-2)$
18. PERIMETER The coordinates of the vertices of a quadrilateral are $R(-1,3), S(3,3)$, $T(5,-1)$, and $U(-2,-1)$. Find the perimeter of the quadrilateral. Round to the nearest tenth.

